



FMD program Suriname COSALFA 44

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About Suriname

- Total area of 163,270 sq. km
- Southern part of the country, 80 % is tropical rain forest, rivers and hilly land
- A coastline of about 386 km
- Population of approx. 552.000 people
- Production 13% Agriculture (GDP-gross domestic product)



GOALS

• Strengthen veterinary capacity:

- Food security & Food safety
- Improving veterinary status for export to region
- Free without vaccination and FMD never reported; OIE- FMD free with-out vaccination recognition status to be submitted this August



Steps in FMD status recognition with Panaftosa

- 1. Strengthen VS & Private sector relations
- 2. Legislation
- 3. Identification and Registration of farm
- 4. Optimizing importation control and risk assessment to Import
- 5. Control of animal movement
- 6. Laboratory capacity (April 2017)
- 7. Surveillance
- 8. Survey (Feb-April 2017)
- 9. Contingency plan
- 10. Simulation exercise (June 2017)



Legislation

- New legislation (4) in collaboration with the Food and Agriculture Organization (UN) and International Development Bank
 - Animal welfare law passed through parliament
 - Slaughterhouse & meat inspection passed through parliament
 - Animal disease surveillance
 - Animal production
- o "old legislation" (1954)

(gives the VS the power to (re)act to disease outbreak & prevention mentioning FMD)

Control animal movement

Optimizing importation control

- Partners in Port health (all points of entry)
 - Awareness on (major notifiable) animal diseases & zoonoses
 - Publication of import protocols for animals & animal products to public and private sectors and embassy
 - Import protocols implemented with help of partners in port health
 - Follow up trainings for inspectors regarding import/export regulations, inspections of wildlife, fish, plant- and animal health and aspects in food safety.
- T&T animals
 - FAO TCP/SUR/3501
 - Pilot in pigs (EXPORT factor)

District	Total Prem	Co	Cows Small ruminants Pigs		ţs.		
		# Prem	# Ani	# Prem	# Ani	# Prem	# Ani
Commewijne	244	150	6471	75	831	12	121
Coronie	91	48	1076	15	330	37	646
Marowijne	58	2	8	1	16	2	8
Para	634	437	4703	100	1321	40	3943
Saramacca	396	2.42	5194	94	1308	8	4924
Wanica-A	542	266	2800	189	1644	4	256
Wanica-B	1518	979	5448	683	5345	26	2564
Wanica-C	812	525	3437	329	2647	36	4567
Nickerie	584	373	7691	296	6645	43	1558
Total	4879	3022	36828	1782	20087	208	18587

Laboratory capacity and Surveillance

- Training in FMD diagnostics in April 2017 (Panaftosa)
- Weekly reports (WVB) for specific disease/syndrome incidence
- Capacity training during regular VS meetings





Sero-survey February-April 2017

Objective

 Designed to detect the presence of antibodies against FMD virus, and with its absent contribute to demonstrate freedom from disease

Selection

- Cover the whole country
- Two stages design farm/animal
- Selection stratified by herd size and random selectio
- Sampling locations: farm and abattoir
- # animals on premises



tion	District	# farms	# animals	
tion	Commewijn e	3	32	
	Coronie	1	13	
	Marowijne	-	-	
	Para	11	108	
	Saramacca	9	83	
A	Wanica A	1	15	
	Wanica B	8	42	
	Wanica C	3	23	
	Nickerie	7	94	
	Total	<u>4</u> 3	410	

Contingency & Simulation

- In review
- Simulation planned for June 2017 (to follow 2011 table-top)
- Partners:
 - Private sector
 - District commissioners, Police, Public Health, National coordination center for disasters (National disaster committee)
 - PANAFTOSA, PAHO, FAO



